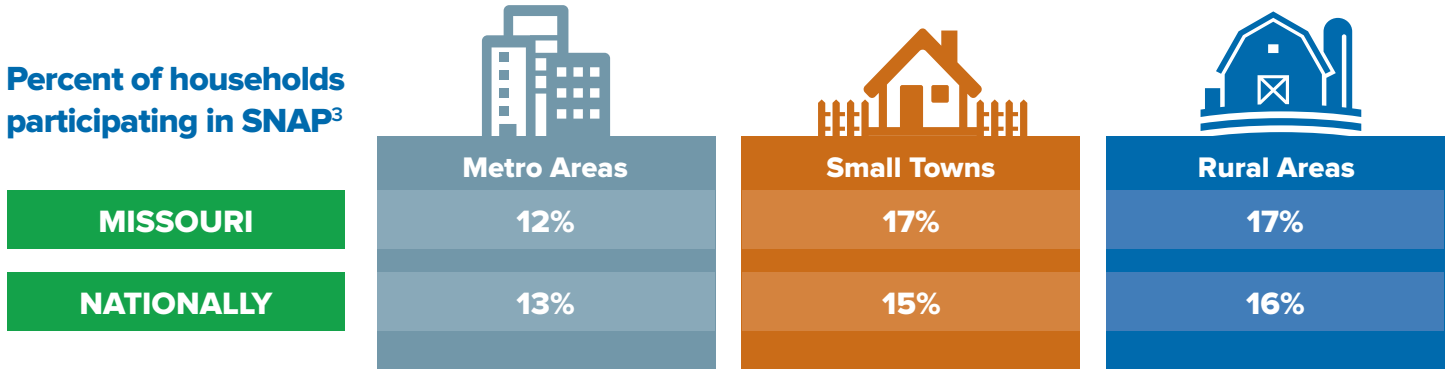


In Missouri

- SNAP reaches 397,000 households with 840,000 individuals in an average month (FY 2015).¹
- SNAP helps 1 in 6 rural and small town households, and 1 in 8 households in metro areas afford healthy, nutritious meals.²

Percent of households participating in SNAP³

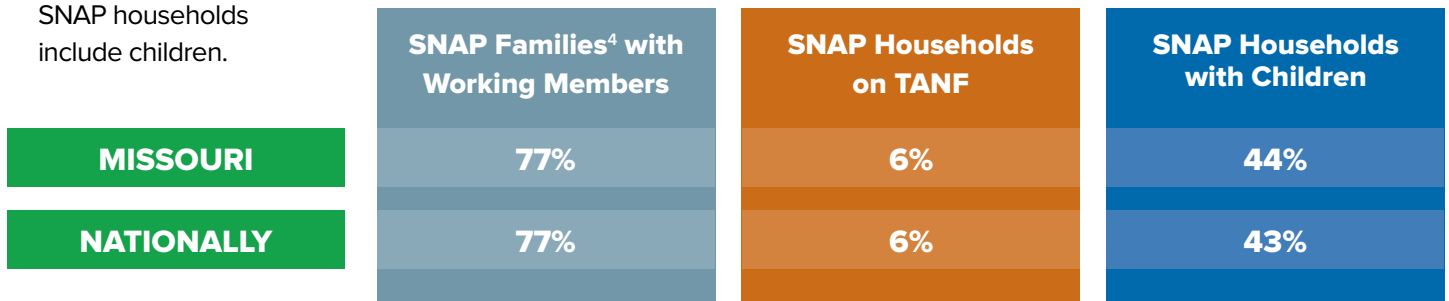


¹USDA, Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015.

²For the purpose of this analysis, “**Metro Areas**” are metropolitan statistical areas as delineated by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), each of which contains at least one Census Bureau-delineated urbanized area of 50,000 or more people; “**Small Towns**” are micropolitan statistical areas as delineated by OMB, each containing at least one Census Bureau-delineated urban cluster of between 10,000 and 50,000 people; and “**Rural Areas**” are non-metropolitan and non-micropolitan areas.

³American Community Survey 2015 five-year estimates (2011-2015).

- More than three-quarters (77%) had at least one working member in the past 12 months.
- A very small number (6% or 24,000) of SNAP households were on TANF, making SNAP a critical safety net for families with children.
- More than two in five SNAP households include children.



Source for working families data: American Community Survey 2015 five-year estimates (2011-2015).

Source for TANF and children data: USDA, Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2015.

⁴Based on the Census Bureau definition, **family** consists of a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage or adoption.

FRAC analysis in collaboration with Punam Ohri-Vachaspati, PhD, RD, Professor, Arizona State University